AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.		l and Carraman and Name			- Ia .				
Local Government Type: ☐ City ☐ Township ☐ Village ☐	Other	Local Government Name Township of Pokagon	5:		County	/			
, ,	I	·	l _D	ata Assaumtant D	Cass	ttod To Ctoto.			
Audit Date March 31, 2006	Opinion Da July 28, 20			ate Accountant Ro eptember 25, 200	•	tied to State:			
We have audited the financial statements with the Statements of the Governmenta Counties and Local Units of Government We affirm that:	al Accountin <i>t in Michigar</i>	g Standards Board (GAS by the Michigan Departr	B) and the <i>Ur</i> nent of Treasu	niform Reporting I ry.					
 We have complied with the <i>Bulletin fi</i>. We are certified public accountants r 	egistered to	practice in Michigan.	·		motoo orini	the report of comme			
We further affirm the following. "Yes" res and recommendations.			ianciai statem	ents, including the	e notes, or in 1	tne report of comme			
You must check the applicable box for each item below: yes no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are excluded from the financial statements. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980). yes no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended). The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act. yes no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended)									
yes no 6. The local unit has yes no 7. The local unit has (normal costs) in	s been delin violated the the current	982, as amended [MCL 3 quent in distributing tax re Constitutional requireme year. If the plan is more contributions are due (pa	evenues that wont (Article 9, Se than 100% fu	ection 24) to fund on the over	current year e	earned pension bene			
yes no 8. The local unit use	es credit car	ds and has not adopted a ed an investment policy as	n applicable p	olicy as required b					
We have enclosed the following:				Enclosed	To Be Forwarde				
The letter of comments and recommend	ations.								
Reports on individual federal assistance	programs (program audits).				\boxtimes			
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).									
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)	: PL	ANTE & MOR	AN, PLL	_C					
Street Address 511 Renaissance Drive, Suite 120			City St. Joseph		State MI	ZIP 49085			
Accountant Signature									
Plante & Moran, 1	OLLC								

Township of Pokagon, Michigan

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
March 31, 2006

	Contents
Report Letter	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	6 7
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and	8 9
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11-18
Required Supplemental Information	19
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	20
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Fund	21
Note to Required Supplemental Information	22





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Township Board Township of Pokagon, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Pokagon as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Pokagon's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Pokagon as of March 31, 2006 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

July 28, 2006



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Township of Pokagon's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended March 31, 2006:

 State-shared revenue, our second largest revenue source, was reduced by the State of Michigan by approximately \$1,000 this year. The Township reacted by not starting any new projects and controlling spending in all departments, which resulted in a fund balance increase of approximately \$85,000 in the General Fund.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Township as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of March 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Governmental Activities				
	2006			2005	
Assets					
Current assets	\$	1,240,605	\$	1,102,317	
Noncurrent assets		208,976		169,821	
Total assets		1,449,581		1,272,138	
Current Liabilities		10,248		9,858	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets		208,976		169,821	
Restricted		323,811		263,479	
Unrestricted		906,546		828,980	
Total net assets	\$	1,439,333	\$	1,262,280	

The Township's net assets increased approximately 14 percent from a year ago - increasing from \$1,262,280 to \$1,439,333. Unrestricted net assets - the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations - increased by approximately \$78,000 for governmental activities. This represents an increase of approximately 9 percent. During the year, the board designated approximately \$75,000 of the unrestricted net asset balance, which will be used toward the purchase of a new fire truck. The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$906,546.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year as compared to the prior year:

	Governmental Activities			
	2006			2005
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$	39,002	\$	28,762
Operating grants and contributions		12,108		12,196
Capital grants and contributions		4,800		57,766
General revenue:				
Property taxes		190,426		177,788
State-shared revenue		150,601		151,403
Unrestricted investment earnings		34,544		11,944
Franchise fees		-		7,101
Other revenue		6,944		6,301
Total revenue		438,425		453,261
Program Expenses				
General government		123,878		124,913
Public safety		120,258		118,635
Community and economic development		17,236		94,899
Total program expenses		261,372		338,447
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	177,053	\$	114,814

Governmental Activities

The Township's total governmental revenues decreased by approximately \$15,000. The decrease was due in large part to the fact that no federal grant dollars were received in 2006, as well as the decrease in state-shared revenue.

Expenses decreased by about \$77,000 during the year. Decreases were led by postponing major projects and purchases, as well as the road construction project in prior year related to the federal grant revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Township's Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 8, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages for fire and ambulance services. The Township's major funds for 2005 include the General Fund and the Fire Fund.

The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental services. The most significant is public safety, which incurred expenses of approximately \$120,000 in 2006 for fire protection and ambulance services. These two services are partially supported by property taxes.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no significant variations between original and final budget amounts. In the upcoming year, the Township plans to start work on the Sink Road project, which is expected to cost approximately \$76,000. The project expenditures will be offset by federal grant revenue.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The only major capital additions during the current year related to various road improvement projects, which totaled approximately \$44,000.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township is anticipating 1,500 acres of property coming off the tax rolls once the Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians' application is approved for trust status. The Township has not yet determined the effect of this transaction on the revenue of the Township.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office.

Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities			
Assets				
Cash and equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 396,557			
Investments (Note 3)	829,934			
Receivables - Net (Note 4)	14,114			
Capital assets - Net (Note 5)	208,976			
Total assets	1,449,581			
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	9,349			
Accrued and other liabilities	899			
Total liabilities	10,248			
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets	208,976			
Restricted:				
Cemetery	83,019			
Fire	231,739			
Ambulance	7,770			
Construction code activities (Note 2)	1,283			
Unrestricted	906,546			
Total net assets	\$ 1,439,333			

Statement of Activities Year Ended March 31, 2006

	F	expenses	Program Revenues Operating Capital Grants Charges for Grants and and Services Contributions Contributions				and	Government		
Functions/Programs Primary government - Governmental			·							
activities: General government Public safety	\$	123,878 120,258	\$	7,255 31,747	\$	-	\$	4,800 -	\$	(111,823) (88,511)
Community and economic development		17,236				12,108				(5,128)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	261,372	\$	39,002	\$	12,108	\$	4,800		(205,462)
General revenues: Property taxes State-shared revenues Unrestricted investment earnings Other revenue										190,426 150,601 34,544 6,944
	Total general revenues								382,515	
	Cha	inge in Ne	t A ss	ets						177,053
	Net	: A ssets - B	eginn	ing of year						1,262,280
	Net	: A ssets - E	nd of	year					\$	1,439,333

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2006

					Nonmajor Funds					
					Cemetery Ambulance		Total			
			Fi	re Special	Spec	ial Revenue	Spec	ial Revenue	G	overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Rev	venue Fund	•	Fund	•	Fund	Funds	
Assets										
Cash and equivalents	\$	259,649	\$	48,687	\$	83,019	\$	5,202	\$	396,557
Investments	Ψ	655,440	Ψ	173,445	Ψ	03,017	Ψ	1,049	Ψ	829,934
Receivables - Net		2,988		9,607		_		1,519		14,114
Necestables 14et		2,700		7,007					_	1 1,1 1 1
Total assets	\$	918,077	\$	231,739	\$	83,019	\$	7,770	\$	1,240,605
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	9,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,349
Accrued and other liabilities		899								899
Total liabilities		10,248		-		-		-		10,248
Fund Balances										
Reserved for:										
Cemetery		-		-		83,019		-		83,019
Construction code activities		1,283		-		-		-		1,283
Unreserved, reported in:										
Designated - Capital expenditures -										
Special Revenue Funds		-		74,910		-		-		74,910
Undesignated:										
General Fund		906,546		-		-		-		906,546
Special Revenue Funds				156,829				7,770		164,599
Total fund balances		907,829		231,739		83,019		7,770		1,230,357
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	918,077	\$	231,739	\$	83,019	\$	7,770		
		_	_							
Amounts reported for governmental activi										
capital assets used in governmental activ	ities ar	e not financia	al res	ources and a	ire no	t reported i	n			200.07/
the funds										208,976
Net assets of governmental act	ivities								\$	1,439,333

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended March 31, 2006

					Nonmajor Funds					
					Cemetery Ambulance		Total			
			Fi	re Special	9	Special	Special		Governmenta	
	Ge	neral Fund	Rev	enue Fund	Reve	enue Fund	Revenue Fund			Funds
Revenue										
Property taxes	\$	46,405	\$	130,026	\$	-	\$	13,995	\$	190,426
State sources		162,709		-		-		-		162,709
Fees and permits		35,227		-		-		-		35,227
Interest income		27,965		4,088		2,461		30		34,544
Other		6,944				3,775			_	10,719
Total revenue		279,250		134,114		6,236		14,025		433,625
Expenditures										
General government		116,620		-		-		-		116,620
Public safety		19,037		87,521		-		13,700		120,258
Community and economic										
development		58,849	-						_	58,849
Total expenditures		194,506		87,521				13,700		295,727
Net Change in Fund Balances		84,744		46,593		6,236		325		137,898
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		823,085		185,146		76,783		7,445		1,092,459
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	907,829	\$	231,739	\$	83,019	\$	7,770	\$,230,357

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended March 31, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 137,898
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures;	
in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated	
over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Additions	45,083
Depreciation	(10,728)
Contributions of equipment are not recorded in the	
governmental funds	 4,800
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 177,053

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Township of Pokagon (the "Township") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Township of Pokagon:

Reporting Entity

The Township of Pokagon is governed by an elected five-member board of trustees. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Township. There are no component units to be included in these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue and interest associated with the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. General Fund activities are financed by revenue from property taxes, state-shared revenue, and other sources.

Special Revenue Fund - Fire Fund - The Fire Fund accounts for resources from a property tax levy restricted for payments to contracted local fire departments.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each December I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The Township's 2005 tax is levied and collectible on December I, 2005 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended March 31, 2006, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2005 taxable valuation of the Township totaled \$55.3 million, on which taxes levied consisted of 0.0820 mills for operating purposes. There were also taxes levied for fire and ambulance services (with varying taxable properties and millages). This resulted in approximately \$46,000 for operating, \$130,000 for contracted fire services, and \$14,000 for contracted ambulance services. These amounts are recognized in the respective General and Special Revenue Funds financial statements as tax revenue.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land improvements	40 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Public safety vehicle	25 years
Road improvements	20 years
Land improvements	40 years

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Construction Code Fees - The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Township charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January I, 2000 is as follows:

Accumulated surplus - April 1, 2005		\$ 1,550
Current year building permit revenue Related expenses:		27,175
Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	\$ 19,037 8,405	 27,442
Current year deficiency		 (267)
Accumulated surplus - March 31, 2006		\$ 1,283

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Township has designated three banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investments in compliance with the state statutory authority as listed above. The Township's deposits and investment policies are also in accordance with statutory authority.

The Township's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Township had \$124,610 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than U.S. government) are as follows:

	(Carrying			
Type of Investment	Value		Rating	Organization	
Fidelity Institutional Money Market Funds	\$	829,934	Aaa	Moody's	

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the Township's individual major funds and the aggregate nonmajor funds are as follows:

			Fire	Special			
	G	eneral	Re	evenue	No	nmajor	
		Fund		Fund	F	unds	 Total
Receivables - Taxes	\$	2,988	\$	9,607	\$	1,519	\$ 14,114

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

						Balance	
	Balance				March 31,		
Governmental Activities	April 1, 2005		Additions	Disposals		2006	
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	14,648	\$ -	\$ -		\$	14,648
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements		7,362	-	-			7,362
Buildings and improvements		93,530	-	-			93,530
Public safety vehicle		81,707	-	-			81,707
Road improvements		-	43,803	-			43,803
Office furnishings		37,530	6,080	(38	<u>36</u>)		43,224
Subtotal		220,129	49,883	(38	36)		269,626
Accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements		3,937	184	-			4,121
Buildings and improvements		21,774	2,338	-			24,112
Public safety vehicle		6,536	3,269	-			9,805
Road improvements		-	2,190				2,190
Office furnishings		32,709	2,747	(38	<u>36</u>)		35,070
Subtotal		64,956	10,728	(38	36)		75,298
Net capital assets being depreciated		155,173	39,155		_		194,328
Net capital assets	\$	169,821	\$ 39,155	<u>\$ -</u>	_	\$	208,976

Depreciation expense was charged to the programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental	activities
Governmental	ractivities.

General government	\$ 8,538
Community and economic development	 2,190
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,728

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Township participates in the Michigan Townships Participating Plan for all claims.

The Michigan Townships Participating Plan operates as an insurance purchasing pool for local units of government in Michigan. The plan purchases commercial insurance on behalf of its members at a lower cost than would be available on an individual basis.

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Or	riginal/Final			Variance with		
	Budget		Actual	Final Budget			
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	40,000	\$	46,405	\$	6,405	
State sources		162,800		162,709		(91)	
Fees and permits		34,870		35,227		357	
Interest income		10,000		27,965		17,965	
Other		8,000		6,944		(1,056)	
Total revenue		255,670		279,250		23,580	
Expenditures							
General government:							
General		30,050		21,205		8,845	
Supervisor		33,700		31,188		2,512	
Elections		500		630		(130)	
Clerk		14,300		12,847		1,453	
Board of Review		800		772		28	
Treasurer		14,500		13,475		1,025	
Township Hall		14,200		9,590		4,610	
Cemetery		16,330		17,446		(1,116)	
Other		15,200		9,467		5,733	
Total general government		139,580		116,620		22,960	
Public safety		23,830		19,037		4,793	
Community and economic development		92,260		58,849		33,411	
Total expenditures		255,670		194,506		61,164	
Change in Net Assets		-		84,744		84,744	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		753,348		823,085		69,737	
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	753,348	\$	907,829	\$	154,481	

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Fund - Fire Fund Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Original/Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenue Property taxes Interest income	\$	124,169 500	\$	130,026 4,088	\$	5,857 3,588
Total revenue		124,669		134,114		9,445
Expenditures - Public safety		123,735		87,521		36,214
Change in Net Assets		934		46,593		45,659
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		147,079		185,146		38,067
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	148,013	\$	231,739	\$	83,726

Note to Required Supplemental Information

Note - Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and Fire Special Revenue Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The Township supervisor prepares the budget 30 to 60 days prior to year end after consulting with department heads. The budget is submitted to the board for approval in late March, and was not amended during the year.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

Encumbrance accounting is not employed in governmental funds. Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

There were no significant expenditure budget overruns for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

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To the Members of the Township Board Township of Pokagon 30683 Peavine St. Dowagiac, MI 49047

Dear Board Members:

We have recently completed our audit of the financial statements of the Township of Pokagon for the year ended March 31, 2006 and have issued our report thereon dated July 28, 2006. In addition to the audit report, we offer the following comments and recommendations for your consideration:

Overview of Financial Condition

During the year ended March 31, 2006, the Township's financial condition improved as General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by approximately \$85,000. As a result, fund balance at March 31, 2006 increased to approximately \$908,000.

ACH Transactions

Electronic payments of public funds are required for some federally mandated transactions of public funds, and electronic payments have become a commonly accepted practice by banks and other financial institutions. Public Act 738 of 2002, effective December 30, 2002, authorizes townships to make electronic transactions involving public funds by electronic payment, debit, or credit transfer processed through an automated clearing house (ACH). PA 738 authorizes a township treasurer to enter into an ACH arrangement for a national and governmental organization that has authority to process electronic payments, including, but not limited to, the National Automated Clearing House Association and the Federal Reserve System.

The Township has only had a few ACH transfers in the last few years. However, the Township anticipates joining the Michigan CLASS for investment purposes during fiscal 2007. This investment pool will require the Township to wire money into the pool and to possibly receive wire transfers of investment income. The Township should develop a policy and resolution in regard to these electronic transactions as technology continues to evolve and ACH transfers become more common.



Board Minute Documentation

The Township board minutes did not include documentation for several items, which we would normally expect to see acknowledged in writing for legal purposes. For example, the approval of annual millage rates and the designation of the fire sinking fund balance for future capital expenditures would typically be documented in the board minutes. While it is our understanding, based on our discussions with Township board members, that these items were approved by the board at public meetings, we recommend that these types of significant decisions be documented in the meeting minutes.

State-shared Revenue

The State's fiscal year 2005/2006 provides for both constitutional and statutory revenue sharing at approximately \$1.1 billion, which is basically the fiscal year 2004/2005 funding level. As with the past several years, revenue-sharing payments on an individual community-by-community basis for fiscal year 2005/2006 will be funded at approximately fiscal year 2004/2005 levels.

The governor's proposed 2006/2007 budget did not include any additional funding for local governments. As a result, it is expected that overall revenue-sharing payments to communities for fiscal year 2006/2007 will remain stagnant at the 2004/2005 level.

Even though there is the expectation that revenue sharing will hold constant at prior year funding levels, continued caution should be exercised when budgeting this line item. While it is good news that revenue sharing may be maintained at current levels, sales tax revenue would support an increase to total state-shared revenue payments. However, for fiscal years 2004/2005, 2005/2006, and 2006/2007, the appropriation in the State's budget for revenue-sharing payments is over \$500 million less annually than amounts provided for in law and based on actual sales tax collections. For those three years, revenue-sharing distributions are planned to be approximately \$1.6 billion less than amounts provided by statutory formulas. There appears to be no long-term solution to the State's structural deficit in its General Fund, and as long as this condition exists, revenue sharing remains at risk and a return to past funding levels is not likely in the foreseeable future.

State-shared revenue accounts for approximately 54 percent of the Township's total General Fund revenue. The table below details state-shared revenue for the Township over the past five years broken out by statutory and constitutional portions. In addition, it details the total decrease in state-shared revenue experienced by the Township compared to the State's fiscal year 2001.

State Fiscal				Decrease from
<u>Year</u>	<u>Statutory</u>	<u>Constitutional</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>2001</u>
2001	\$31,845	\$142,697	\$174,542	\$-
2002	\$30,459	\$144,151	\$174,610	\$(68)
2003	\$25,483	\$146,591	\$172,074	\$2,468
2004	\$9,653	\$144,999	\$154,652	\$19,890
2005	\$4,506	\$148,460	\$152,966	\$21,576
2006	\$298	\$150,931	\$151,229	\$23,313

To the Members of the Township Board Township of Pokagon

If the State were to eliminate the statutory portion of revenue sharing (as the constitutional portion cannot be modified without a change to the State's constitution), the Township has approximately \$4,500 at risk in its General Fund budget based on 2005 funding levels. We will continue to update the Township as developments occur. The statutory formula expires in 2007 and requires action by the Legislature.

We would like to thank the members of the Township board for the opportunity to serve as the auditors for the Township. We would also like to express our appreciation for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during our audit. As always, please feel free to call with questions regarding the information above or that which is presented in the general purpose financial statements.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

July 28, 2006